THEATRICAL PROPLE AT THEIR EASE. MR. DALY, HOWEVER, RESUMES WORK-MRS. LANG-

TRY'S CALLERS AND PLANS. Yesterday was chiefly devoted to purposes of recuperation by the many theatrical people who arrived on Sunday. The chief exception was Augustin Daly. This manager, assured as is the position to ich he has raised himself and his company, is never satisfied, apparently, unless he is by hard work gilding atisfied, apparently, for instance, Mr. Daly sense at his deak before eight o'clock that morning and was the busiest n the morning and was the busiest men for the rost of the day. Not but that he found me togehake hands with a visitor and beamingly deplare that he counted even a four hours' struggle on the der with baggage as a mere nothing in his delight at ing home once more. Miss Rehan, after spending a night at the Victoria Hotel, joined her family for a few the afternoon, looking handsomer than ever. This morning the company will assemble at the theatre at 11 o'clock for rehearsal on the new comedy with which the season will be opened next Tuesday. In a day or two Mr. Daiy will be able to make public many intersting details as to the season, such as the name of the comedy and the new people who will appear in the

Mrs. Langtry spent the morning quietly at her house Mrs. Langtry spent the morning quietly at her house in West Twenty-third-st, and received but few callers, though many cards were left. Among those who saw her were E. E. Glimore, her manager, and John Cobbe, Wilson Barrett's manager. In the afternoon Mrs. Langtry drove in the Park in a victoria and in the evening she went after dinner to see "Theodora" at Niblo's. Ene will this morning begin rehearsing "Peril" at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, where the scenery already is in position and being toucad up by William Hoyt. The sale of seats begins this morning. "Peril" will be the bill for the first week, but nothing is yet solded as to what if anything is to follow it. Probably "The Lady of Lyons" will be the second week's bill.

MR. ABREY SAYS HE IS NOT MARRIED. Henry E. Abbey is naturally a reticent though an extremely courteous man. It was not surprising, perefore, that yesterday he politely but firmly refused therefore, that yesterday he politely but in any fettered to discuss the question of his reported marriage with Miss Gerard. He simply said he was not married. Miss Gerard, who eccupies a set of rooms up-town, was "not at home" yesterday to any one. The general belief in theatrical circles is that he report was merely a guess, having for foundation the friendship known to exist batween the manager and tire accomplished young actress.

JUSTIN M'CARTHY'S MANY FRIENDS.

HOW HE WILL BE ENTERTAINED HERE AND IN PHILADELPHIA.

Justin McCarthy spent the greater part of yester day in renewing his acquaintance with old friends in the city. He spent the greater part of the afternoon in company with Mr. and Mrs. Campbell-Praed, in visiting Mrs. Botta, wife of Professor Vincenzo Botta, at her home, No. 25 West Thirty-seventh-st. On his return to his hotel a large number of persons talked with him personally or left their cards. These are some of the names : Cyrus W. Field, Eugene Kelly, Mayor Grace, Joseph J. O'Donohue, Lawrence Barrett, J. P. Farrell. Bryan G. McSwyny, General Martin T. McMabon, John E. Develin, Father Ducey, Lieutenant-Colonel R. F. O'Beirne, U. S. A., and Henry George. A committee representing the municipal council of the Irish National League of Philadelphia, Hugh McCaffrey, Patrick Dunleary, and J. E. Mc-Glaughlen visited Mr. McCarthy later and invited him to a dinner to be given in his bonor in Philadel-phia. Mr. McCarthy will lecture in Philadelphia on December 13, and said that the evening of that day

December 13, and said that the evening of that day would suit him to be present at the dinuer.

A committee of the Irish Parliamentary Fund Association waited upon him in the evening. It consisted of Judge Edward Browne, J. P. Farrell, Commissioner James S. Coleman, Miles M. O'Brien, Morgan J. O'Brien, Bryan G. McSwyny, Matthew Leavy, and John Mullaly. When the general nandshaling was over arrangements were made for the dinner, which will take place. Saturday evening at 6 o'clock at the Hoffman House. Three times as many persons as can be accommedated have applied for tickets and the committee have some difficulty in knowing whom to fiuse. Later in the evening Mr. McCarthy paid a visit to Wallack's Theatre.

NEWS IN THE VACHTING WORLD.

PERVERSE ELEMENTS-THE VIKING TO BE SOLD-AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN STEAM YACHTS. There was some disappointment among yachtsmen yesterday that the state of the weather forbade a yacht race off Marblehead between the Galatea and Mayflower. But the perversity of the elements when there is a yacht race in prospect has become so much a thing of course this season that no one was surprised. It is expected that the Viking, the yacht in which Samuel J. Tilden used to spend so much time, will be sold soon. The Viking is a sister boat to the Utawana, now the Oneida, and was built by John Roach at Chester for George Scott. She was sold to Mr. Tilden when Mr. Scott's health failed and he

gave up vachting. There is growing interest in the international challenge cup for steam yachts now being made for the American yacht club. It is not thought that any steam yacht m Europe can compete successfully with those of this country in speed. Steam yacht regattas have been held from time to time at Nice, regattas have been held from time to time at Field, and the speed of most European steam yachts is pretty

and the speed of most European steam yaouts is pretty well known.

Yachtsmen who have been in Italy recently report that the Italians are making great progress in yachting and have a fleet of fast yaohts, both sail and steam. It would not be surprising if the Italians should send over a challenge for the America's cup before many years, provided that trophy is not carried away next year by Mr. Bell's yacht from the Clyde.

WEARY WAITING FOR THE WIND. Boston, Sept. 27 (Special.-Again, for the fourth day, the race between the Mayflower and Galatea has been postponed for lack of wind. It blew light nearly all day from the northeast, and at 3 p. m. it shifted to the eastward, bringing in a dense for bank and mist. Unless the wind changes before morning there will be no race to-morrow.

THE MIRANDA AND THE SACHEM TO RACE. NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 27.-An important race will be sailed off this place on September 30 between the schooner yachts Miranda and Sachem. It will be a race of twenty miles to windward and back with an eighthour limit. The rules of the New-York Yacht Club will govern the match, and it is expected that other schooler yachts will enter. It will be a sweepstakes race, and after paving all expenses the remainder of the subscriptions will be used to purchase a cup.

THE LENOX CLUB BALL.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Sept. 27 .- Three hundred invitatious were issued for the annual ball of the Lenox Crub, which took place this evening, and in response the club rooms were thronged with wealthy and fashion able guests. The music was furnished by Parlatti and the supper was supplied by Sherry. The rooms were decorated with autumn leaves, flowers, fruits, corn, sheaves of wheat, pumpking, meions and bunches of

STILL LOWER EXPRESS RATES TO CHICAGO. A private dispatch from Chicago yesterday asserted that the express rate from New-Chicago had been reduced 50 cents per 100 pounds in consequence of the present strife per 100 pounds in consequence of the present strife between the express companies. The old tariff rate has been \$2.50 per 100 pounds, but for several weeks it has been raining at \$1. Inquiry at the express offices in this city, however, failed to develop confirmation of the reported cut. The lowest rate all the companies knew of was \$1, but some of them eagerly said that whatever rate a competitor would make they would promptly meet. The superintentant of the Haitmore and Onlo Express Company stated at the suggestion of a lower rate, and said. "We she not cautions to do business as such figures, but I suppose we would have to meet such a rate if cetablished."

Court yesterday by Justice Gorman for the arrest of charge of attempting to extort money. The warrant No. 104 West Forty-minthest. Court Officer Curry found the Chief at a note: at five o'clock last evening, and brought him to the Charles Street police station, where he was locked up for the night.

The warrant on which the Chief was arrested states that he uniawfully attempted to extort \$3,000 from the compainant by offering to settle a case against his son Albert Laridon, who was accused of forgery.

le's associations belonging to churches of all denominations net last night in the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, set is at night in the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and discussed the advisability of calling a convention of all the young people's church associations in New Yerk, looking a mutual improvement and increased interest and usefulness. I was notationally decided that such a convention was demaile and the following committee was appointed to carry but the that I Samuel Williams, Madleon Avenue Methodist Lyacopa Church; H. A. Hallock, Flightm Congregational Luten, N. I. Whitelaw, Jr., Calvary Baptast Church; G. B. Soyd Prespect it ill Reformed Church; Edward Thorpe, Fourth Avenue Fresbyterian Church; Beward Thorpe, Fourth Avenue Fresbyterian Church; the Rev Gooke Wyman Llove, Feople's Eaptist Church; J. Halsey Terrell, Church of St. Paul The Evangenist; Hearty W. Motawley, Church of the Reformed Church of the Strauger.

DYING OF A WOUND RECEIVED IN THE WAR. Captain Charles Gulluba, a well-known Newark hotel keep-f. died last night, age forty-seven, of blood poisonout a wound received in the War. He was of a company in the 20th New Jersey errs, and served with distinction through our War, being wounded in the reg at Gettysburg. He rounded the Republican. He leaves a wife. MISS CAMERON ASKED TO GO.

REQUESTED TO LEAVE THE HOFFMAN.

SHE GOES TO THE HOTEL MADISON-SO DOES LORD LONSDALE-CONFLICTING STORIES TOLD. In the phraseology of the card-room, there were a new shuffle, cut and deal in the affairs of the Violet Cameron Opera Company yesterday. Nearly all the members of the company changed their quarters—some voluntarily for economic reasons, and others in deference to the wishes of the proprietor of the hotel at

which they were staying. In the first place the chorus girls, who had been taken to the Rossmore Hotel immediately after their arrival by the steamehip Aurania on their arrival by the steamship Aurania on Sunday evening, early yesterday morning began to look about for cheaper accommodations, and by noon were comfortably demiciled in various boarding-houses. Then Lionel Brough, the Comedian of whom so much is expected, found that the St. James was not altogether to his liking, and he went to the Gedney, where he had the additional advantage of being in close proximity to the theatre in which he is to appear. And finally Miss Cameron, for whom rooms had been engaged at the Hoffman House some days prior to her arrival, and to which she went as soon as she left the steamship, was politely requested by Edward Stokes, one of the proprietors of the hotel, to vacate them. Miss Cameron stood not upon the order of her going, but went at once to the Madison House, at Thirty-ninth-st. and Broadway. It was late last night before the real reason of Miss Cameron's sudden departure from the Hoffman House became known through the slip of the tongue of one of the clerks of the house. When asked as to the truth of the rumor Mr.

Stokes said : "Yes, it is true. I did not want to offend Miss Came ron, but in view of the scandal affoat about her, I thought the best interests of the house would be served by getting her out of it. Early this afternoon I went to Lord Lonsdale and told him that there were several families in the house and that in view of the unpleasant things that were being said, I would much prefer that he take her to some other hotel. No objections were made and they went away at once. Where they are now I don't know."

Lord Lousdale, who wishes to be considered by the public as nothing more than the manager for Miss Cameron's company, told a slightly different story. When Mr. Stokes's version of the affair was repeated to him he laughed heartly for a moment and then recover-ing his composure said: "That's queer, don't you know ! Not at all like it, my boy. You see, this man Stokes came to me and said that he had heard that Miss Cameron's husband had come over here to raise a disturbance and he was afraid that it might lead to a row in
his hotel. He asked very politicity if I would not induce
Miss Cameron to put up at some other place. Well, Miss
Cameron was displeased with her rooms anyhow and
had intended to change. I procured rooms tor her at the
Madison and now she is very comfortably situated and
quite close to the theatre. The proprietor of the
Hoffman House need not have feared that there would
he any row. There's no danger of that, I guess. Miss
Cameron's husband was at my room at Delmonico's this
atternoon and we managed to get along without coming
to blows."

H. B. Lopsdale, the husband was accommodate. Cameron's husband had come over here to raise a dis-

atternoon and we managed to get along without coming to blows."

H. B. Lonsdale, the business manager of the Cameron Company, is very indignant at Mr. Stokes's action. 'The whole fact of the matter is,' he said, "that Stokes is afraid that there may be a shooting scrape in his house which will recall to the public mind his little affair with Fisk. If he didn't want Miss Cameron in his house, why didn't be say so when T. Henry French and myself went there to curage rooms for her instead of waiting until she had arrived."

In utter disregard of the threat alleged to have been made by David De Bensaude, Miss Cameron's husband, that the would punch Lonsdale's heat if he dared to stay at the same hotel as his wife, the titled man has taken up his abode at the Hotel Madison and has four rooms not far from the two occupied by Miss Cameron. Miss Loseny, a member of the company, occupies rooms adjoining those of Miss Cameron.

Those who believed that such a desperate feeling

the company, occupies rooms adjoining those of Miss Cameron.

Those who believed that such a desperate feeling exists between Lousdale and Do Bensauds were rather staggered at seeing the two conversing pleasantly together vesterlay afternoon. They drank forether at the Hodman House bar a few minutes hafter 4.0°clock and went together over to Lord Lousdain's rooms at Delmonico's. There was no indication of any unpleasantness between them at the time.

Lord Lousdale Miss Cameron and Miss Loseby occupied a proseenium box at the Casino last night. Miss Cameron wore a violet satin low-necked dress on train; in her ears were large diamonds, and a spray set with diamonds was pinned in her hair. The party was shown into their box about half an hour after the curtain had gone up on the first act of "Erminie," but their entrance was noticed by few in the andience.

Shortly before the performance closed Mr. De Bensaude walked into the lobby of the theatre and gazed for a moment at several photography of his wife on exhibition there. He then strolled into the Hotel Madison and looked over the register. After spending a few minutes in the hotel office he wandered on up Broadway. Mr. De Bensautic tooks as though he might be a Guban. He is short of stature, rather sim, has a darg complexion, light black mustacke and piscoing brown eyes. He dresses neatly and in good taste, and shows nothing of the braggadocto disposition attributed to him.

"I did not come over here to raise a rumpus," he said, while standing in the Hotel Madison occider, "in fact, I did not know until I reached here that Lonsdale was on the steamer with my wife and children. Yes, I had a talk with him this afternoon, but I had rather not say at present what It was about. However, I have decided upon one thing, and the said with him this afternoon, but I had rather not say at present what It was about. However, I have decided upon one thing, and

wife and children. Yes, I had a talk with him this after-noop, but I had rather not say at present what it was about. However, I have decided upon one thing, and that is that he must withdraw from the management of my wife's company."

CHAT IN HOTEL CORRIDORS.

Justice Stanley Matthews and his bride were among the arrivals from Europe Sunday. I met the Justice at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. He will remain here until next Monday when he will go to Washington. This will give him a week there before the session of the Supreme Court begins. Justice Matthews is tanned by his exposure on the water. The voyage home was marked by two days of heavy wind. On one of these days the steamer was only able to make 270 miles. The best time of the vessel on this trip was 420 miles a day. The Justice said that he had been nowhere sutside of London and Paris. He had had a pleasant time, but was 'pleased to get home. "I am glad to get back to this country," he rer There is then no place like America !"

"That is what I think. It is pleasant to get back where they speak the English language. This country is good enough for me."

Urlah Welch, of the American Hotel at Richfield Springs, was here yesterday on his way to Jacksonville, Florida, to prepare for the opening of his winter hotel there. Winter hotels of the South, as a rule, open their doors for guests on January 1. Mr. Welch is well known to New York people. He is a medium-sized, siender man with gray whiskers. He has a smile for everybody.

Ex-Lientenant Governor John C. Underwood, of Kentucky, is at the Grand Central Hotel. He has just come from Boston, where he was elected one of the officers of the National Encampment of Odd Fellows. The Governor was a rebel soldier. He is a stoutly built man, inclined to corp dency, with a swarthy face and a heavy black mustache and goates. It was Governor Underwood who started the rival to The Cincinnati Enquirer in the interest of Judge Hoanly in 1883. It as known as The Journal and afterward as The News Journal. It swamped the Governor and nearly all his riends, costing Judge Hoadly a large sum before it was finally wiped out. The Governor was also manager of the unfortunate military competition at Philadelphia last year. He looks prosperous and Lappy, and when I found him on Fourteenth-st. yesterday, his neck-tie was adorned with a gold sword-handle on which there was a cluster of diamonds and rubles. He told me that of the be is engaged in an Eastern enterprise that is prosper-says: ous, but he still makes his home and headquarters at Covingion, Kentucky.

Robert Garrett, who is at the Brevoort House, looks like a prosperous roung English landsord. His ocean voyage has tanned his cheeks and they have a findly contrast to his light yellow whisers, which have been trummed close and cut in the English "sideboard" lashon. He declared last evening that he was resolutely denying himself to everybody at the present time owing to the pressure of business.

The meaning and that whatever rate a compellor would make they would prompty meet. The superintentant of the Baittmore and Onio Express Company which at the suggestion of a lower rate, and said: "We kind of the superintent of the Baittmore and Onio Express Company which at the suggestion of a lower rate, and said: "We kind of the superintent of the supe In the Fifth Avenue Hotel corritor yesterday I m

Vice-Admiral Shestakoff, the Russian Minister of Marine, and wife; Lieutenant Eberhard, alie of the Admiral; Prince Povotinsky-Galitszine, Governor-General of Siberta, and Captain Rosen, his aide, made up a party who arrived at the Clarennien Hotel yesterday morning from San Francisco. Alexander Greger, Acting Consul-deneral of Russia in this city, whose home is at the Clarennien, received I them. Baron Rosen, Charge d'Affaires for Russia in Washington, came over with his wife to meet the Admiral and his companions. The party left the hotel carly in the day and came back only to dress and go out to dinner, after which they went to the theatre.

Secretary Bayard, with his daughter, Miss Ellen Bayard, arrived at the New-York Hotel last night from Washington. The Secretary refused to talk to a reporter who saw him on his arrival, pleading in excuse the fatigue Incident to his long journey.

SELLING ME. KEILEY'S GOODS AT AUCTION. of his collection of pottery, brouses, rugs, pictures, etc.

sale began yesterday at William P. Moore's auction rooms, No. 290 Fifth-ave., and will be continued this afternoon, to-morrow and Thursday, beginning at 2 o'clock. Yesterday's sale was well attended, but the prices were low. A valuable illurary in choice bindings, some rich cut glassware, and a wide range of Oriental carpets and rugs found many admirets and brought out some spirited bidding.

STATE AND CITY POLITICS.

THE GEORGE CAMPAIGN. A BUSY DAY FOR THE CANDIDATE-SOME ODD LET-

TERS RECEIVED. Henry George has already learned that the duties of a candidate for Mayor of New-York are hard. The amount of handshaking that he has to do and of correspondence that he has to attend to precludes the idea of any other work. He stands it well, however, and is as pleasant and affable as before he was a candidate. At his office, No. 16 Astor place, there was a busy crowd all day yesterday. Leaders of trades unions came in to consult with Mr. George as to what was the next step to be taken in the campaign, and awyers, professional men and merchants dropped in to assure him that he had their support. Among those who signed the call for Friday night's meeting was
John S. Dingwall, Andrew Seabrook, B. F. Tillyou, M. D.,
R. J. Magee, the Rev. M. J. Phelan, Edward F. Underhill, J. L. McCready, Ponce de Leon, Professor D. B. Scott, of the New-York City Medical College; A. B. Simonds, Justus O. Woods and O. L. Smith.

Many curious letters were received. Postal cards and letters came from workingmen and merchants asking that their names be added to the list of pledges and offering aid both for work and money. Among the letters was one from a carpenter, who says: "The only other political action in my life was to aid the noble soul John Stuart Mill to get to the House of Commons." letter closes with the following sentence: "Please letter closes with the following sentence: "Please excuse bad spelling and grammar. I had a very small schoolmaster." An Italian friend of Mr. George, who was naturalized on July 30, 1886, writes: "Having been in the past a voter for the uncorrupt administration of his native city, Venice, he feels dignified that his first civil act in the new country should be for the inauguration of a new era in the destinies the of people." Last night meetings for inauguration were held in the III Assembly District, at Catherine-at, and East Broatway, the XVIIth at Wendel's Assembly Rooms, Forty-fourth-st. and Eighth-ave. and the VIIth at No. 88 Autorney-st. Much enthusiasm was manifested at all the meetings and many voters signed the enrolment papers.

at all the meetings and many voters signed the enrolment papers.

The Executive Committee of the Union Labor Party did not do much yesterday. They will open their headquarters at No. 141 East Eighth-st. to-day and begin work in earnest.

Mr. George will not make any speeches nor take an active part in the campaign until the nomination has been formally tendered and accepted on October 5. After that time be will take an earnest part in the campaign. He was announced to apeak at a ratification meeting held by the Manhattan Association of car-drivers at Lion Park yesterday, but did not do so. To a Tribunke reporter Mr. George said: "Any stories about my making a deal with Tammany Hail or any other faction to gain support are not true. If any political body supports me and I am elected I will make absolutely no pleades."

Boatmen's International Union No. 1 yesterday adopted this motion: "This union unanimously indorses the action of the Central Labor Union in nominating Henry George for Mayor and pleages "taeif to aid in every way possible the election of Mr. George."

THE STATE COMMITTEES' MEETINGS. SPECULATION AS TO THE RESULT-WILL THERE BE A CONFERENCE !

Much interest is shown in the result of the neetings of the Republican and Democratic State Comthe Democratic body to September 20, the same date and place having been previously fixed by the Republicans, is accepted as an indication that the Democrata are anxious for a conference with the Republicans, al-Saratoga. Nothing has yet been determined by the Re-publican State Committee. It looks now as though most of the out-of-town members of the committee would came here with no definite course settled upon. A conference could only mean that the committee would be asked by the Democrats to select some one candidate from a list of names presented as the one whom the majority of the committee would pre-fer. The committee has not yet reached the point of abandoning all idea of naming a candidate of its own. There are several Republican aspirants for the nomination who would be willing to take their chances before the people on election day. The members of the Republican Committee who are in town say that they prefer to wait and see what are the sentiments of their out-of-town colleagues before committing themselves on any point at issue. It is a grave matter, they think, to abandon a State election to metr political adversaries. This is what an indersement of the Democratic candidate would amount to. It would be the first time for such a thing to be done since the Ropublican party was organized, and might have a bad effect on the election of Assembly men, in which the Republicans have a vital interest.

of Assemblymen, in which the Republicans have a vital interest.

The controversy between the adherents of Tammany Hall and the County Democracy as to what E. Ellery Anderson said before the Democratic State Committee at Saratoga ou the question of labor agitation is becoming more and more bitter. Mr. Anderson was strougly advocating the holding of a State Convention. He declared, among other things, it is alleged, that one reason why a convention was opposed by Tammany Hall and others was because the labor question would come before it and the question would then have to be met. It was cowardice to ignore it or shirk it, he declared. The parry should be willing to give to labor what was its just due and put down labor agitators, who had no right to speak for the mass of workingmen. W. Bource Cockran replied, showing that it was too late to call right to speak for the mass of workingmen. W. Boirrie Cockran replied, showing that it was too late to call a State Convention, and ridiculing the claim of Mr. Anderson and others for an aggressive partisan policy by saying that he was in favor of that, but Mr. Anderson and other friends of the Administration had heretofore piped loudly over the non partisanship of the Cieveiand Administration. He was glai to see that they had changed their views in this particular. As to the labor question, the Democratic party had always been a workingman's party, and Tammany Hall owed its chief support to workingmen. He was opposed to any convention being called for the purpose of putting down any class of men, labor agitators or others, who sought to accomplish their ends within the law. Such a convention would never see him as a delegate.

Mr. Anderson did not reply. The Tammany men say that he was conscious that he had committed a serious blunder, and wished an unpleasant subject disposed of as soon as possible. Mr. Anderson asys that some of the published reports of the meeting did not do him justice. Most of those who took part in the meeting of the Executive Committee are now conscious that it was a great blunder to nold it with closed doors. The assistence. Captain Chester S. Cole, chairman of the Republican

Captain Chester S. Cole, chairman of the Republical

Captain Chester S. Cole, chairman of the Republican the Late Committee, is in town. He said last evening that he had not seen or heard from many of the members of the committee and therefore could not say what was likely to be done at to-morrow's meeting.

A prominent Republican said last evening: "It would be an evidence of cowardice on our part to refuse to name a candidate for the Court of Appeals bench. We have pienty of good candidates. Let us name one and go before the people with nim. Our chances of success are as good as the opposition. It will help the Assembly candidates, too." This is the sentiment of many other Republicans. ther Republicans.

John O'Brien, ex-Chairman of the Democratic State

John O'Brien, ex-Unairman of the Democratic State Committee, said that he was unable to say with any certainty what would be the result of Wednesday's meeting. The County Democracy members feel very confident that Eufus W Peckham will be the Democratic nominee. Shrewd Democratic observers do not believe this. They say that Peckham and Autorney. General O'Brien are both likely to be dropped and a compromise candidate agreed on.

OPPOSED TO INDORSING A DEMOCRAT. Two of the members of the Republican State Committee have expressed an opinion on the suggestion that the committee should indorse the nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals that may be made by the Democratic State Committee on Wednesday, Writing to a triend in this city, John Kellogg, member of the committee for the XXth Congressional district,

I am unable to see any profit whatever to the great Republican party by our indorsing a Democratic candidate for Judge or the Court of Appeals. If we have suitable men for this high and honorable position, and I believe we have several, let us place one or them in nomination and one that will draw not only the solid vote of the Republican party, but the vote of the better elements of other political organizations. The Republican party can well afford to stand on its past record and fly its own banner. I am unable to see any profit whatever to the great

William Van Marter, member of the committee for the XXVIIth District, writes to an acquaintance: I am opposed to indorsing the Democratic candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals unless he should be a non-partisan and of such antecedents as we rarely find in that party. Our Republicans as far as I can learn, are of the same opinion.

MAURICE B. FLYNN'S SUCCESSOR. There was a gathering of the County Democratic claus in the XIVth Assembly District last night. The party has been in bad shape there since the resig-The party has been in bad shape there since the resignation of Maurice B. Flynn as chairman of the District Committee. Flynn's followers in the district resented the summary manner in which he was dropped by the County Democracy leaders and they held a mass-meeting at the time to express their feelings. Frank E. Lowe was elected chairman in Flynn's place, but the disadisfaction still prevailed. It was then determined to hold primaries for a how election. Twenty-two election precincts held their primaries in the district last night and elected forty-six delegates, who will organize a new committee and elect a new chairman.

WILL THERE BE A DEMOCRATIC UNION ! The Sub-Executive Committee of the County Democracy discussed at length last evaning the question Democracy discussed at length last evening the question of the time and places for holding the primaries and local conventions. No conclusion awas reached, but it was the sentiment of those present that the date of the city and judiciary convection should be named at a later date than that of Tammany Hall. This is fixed for October 11. The County Democracy are anxious for a union and will give faminany Hall an opportunity to appoint a committee to confer with other Democratic organizations in forming a ticket. At present the Tammany leaders do not show any arround also saltion to unite with their Democratic rivals.

HOW EDWARD COOPER WILL BE WELCOMED. The sub-committee of ten of the Committee of One Hundred appointed by the County Democracy Executive Committee to welcome ex Mayor Edward Cooper A. M. Kelley, of the International Tribunal at Caro, who left New York in August, decided to sail off the greater part of his collection of pottery, broaxes, rugs, pictures, etc. The

clusion that the most sensible plan will be to hold a reception at the New-Amsterdam Club at which most of the leading Democrats of the City and State will be invited to meet Mr. Cooper. The club-house in West-Twenty-fourth-st, is large enough for the purpose, and refreshments can be served in the rear yard. Mr. Cooper will reach this port on the steamer La Bourgogne probably on Sunday.

NOMINATED BY LABORING MEN. The Trades Assembly of Newark, representing eighty trade and labor unions, held a city convention last night and nominated a labor city ticket as follows: Henry Hughes, Tax Commissioner; John Craigle, Water Commissioner; John W. Gill, Trustee of City Home. A campaign committee was appointed to arrange for nominating Congressmen and Aldermei.

IN FAVOR OF THOMAS B. ASTEN.

To the Editor of The Iribune. SIR: While the "political pot is boiling" and the various parties and factions are easing around for candidates for the Mayoralty, with every prospect of a close election and a good fighting chance for the Republican party to win, would it not be well for the Republicans to nominate a candidate who has some other qualification than money? Money, I am painfully well aware, is a necessary thing in an election in this or any other large city; but there are some other things more potent than money, and it not infrequently happens that a candidate's poverty is in itself an element of strength. A good name is an element of strength and, as the Good Book tells us, "is rather to be chosen than great riches," and a man can have no better name than that he has been "tried and found true." It is such a man the Republicans should wine." It is such a man the Republicans anough nominate for Mayor, and no man in this city "fills the bill" as well as Thomas B. Asten. He is a hard-neaded, hard-nanded man, possessed of quick perception, good sound common sense and great executive ability, and he is stronger with the people than all the millionaires put together. Mr. Asten's public record is a guarantee of what his administration as Mayor would be. As president of the Tax Department and a member of the Board of Apportionment he was on the side of the people and was constantly fighting for an honest and economical administration of municipal affairs. By so doing he may have offensed some politicians, but he made friends of the people. The politicians nominate; the people elect. When he ran for president of the Board of Aldermen last year he would have won had not the County Democracy been completely demoralized by the "hammering" it received from the press. This year, with a County Democracy and Tammany Hail both confident and with one and possibly two mongrei candidates in the field against him, Mr. Asten, if nominated, can win. No rich man like Morton, Cruger or Astor can be elected by the Republicans, for the simple reason that the people would think that he was nominated as a respectable figure-head to be "bled" by the "machine boys," who would make a deal with Tammany. Asten isn't rich, but he is the strongest man in the Republican party in New-York City to-day, and if he cannot be elected no other Republican can be, in my opinion, I do not know that he is an aspirant for the nominatioh, but he should be induced, if possible, to accept it.

Arew-Fork, Sept. 25, 1986.

SURROGATE ROLLINS FOR THE SUPREME BENCH nominate for Mayor, and no man in

SURROGATE ROLLINS FORTHE SUPREME BENCH

To the Editor of The Tribun: SIR: The best elements in both political parties recognize the importance of keeping politics as much away as possible from questions relating to judi-cial preferment. This year the question presents itself under new conditions. For sixteen years both political parties have been represented on the bench of the Supreme Court of this department. A failure to elect a Republican successor to Chief Justice Noah Davis this fall would leave this judicial department without a single Republican representative. So far as party in-terests are concerned this is of little consequence, but in a vast community like ours, where litigation not infrequently partakes of a quasi political nature, where the interest of the individual, however, and not the party is at stake, it is of the utmost impor-tance that the minority political party should have its judicial representative upon the bench. The States of Maine and Massachusetts recognize The States of Maine and Massachusetts recognize this principle by the appointment of Democratic judges from the minority party. More than one of the Democratic judges from the minority party. More than one of the Democratic judges now on the bench of this department has stated that it would be better for the administration of justice of a Republican could be elected to succeed Chief Justice Davis. If a man like Surroyate Robins, for instance, were to be nominated by the Republicans, he would be more than likely to receive the indorsement of at least one faction of the Democratic party. Mr. Robins was a good Republican, but a better District-Astorney and Surrogate. Since he was elected to the latter office he mas applied himself to the discharge of his duties with a zeal and fidelity that has given him a reputation second to none attained by any of his predecessors in office. In his official relations he known not politics. His chief cierk, Mr. Leary, is a well-known Democrat. After John P. Gaw, the efficient Chambers clerk of the Supreme Court, was removed by County Clerk Flack on account of his political attitude, he was appointed to a responsible position in the Surrogate's office. Would not such a man as Mr. Roblins be likely to secure a popular indorsement and be elected!

No. 67 Wall-st., New-York, Sept. 24, 1886.

NO FIGUREHEAD WANTED.

To the Editor of The Tribune.
Sin: I have been reading THE TRIBUNE on the political situation, and I for one, hope the Republicans will put a good and well-known and out-and-out Republican up for Mayor. This putting up a man to be only a figurehead and making deals and getting nothing for it is unwise. I had much rather be beaten with a good man, and I know pienty of good Republicans in the same boat.

No. 148 West 22d-sl., New-York, Sept. 25, 1886.

THE PARTY ABLE TO DEAL WITH THE ISSUE. To the Editor of The Tribune

Sin: Let us appreciate the honesty and capacity of the Republican party to meet any demand that progress and enlightment may make upon it. The future must be judged by the past. The Republican party was on hand to advocate the rights of free labor. and the liquor question is safe in the hands of the Republicans. Prohibition will come in due season. We have no need of the Third party or the Labor party, but let us unite in one common cause to reinstate the Republican party and drive back Democracy.

Baltimore, Sept. 25, 1886. W. LESLIZ ROHNSON.

WELL BACKED UP.

To the Editor of The Triound SIR: I want to thank THE TRIBUNE for what might be called " backing me up" on certain statements. What I refer to is the interesting letters published in your Sunday editions from Panama and Colon. I have been in that country the past summer, and of course had some stories to tell of the cans, the health of the people, etc., ct., but they seemed to need some confirmation. Your correspondent's reports have done that just O. K., and you have my thanks. Very truly, \*\*Bartford, Coan, Sept. 13, 1885.\*\* C. M. GLAZIER.

LITTLE HOPE FOR WIGGINS'S PROPHECY. E. Stone Wiggins, the " weather prophet," who prelicts that there are to be severe earthquakes and storms to-morrow, loes not agree with the Signal Service Bureau in the forecasts made for that day's weather. There are no indications according to the Signal Service Bureau of anything but a delightfully cool fall day Yesterday was a disagreeable day in many respects and there was much annoyance on account of the damp and oppressive atmosphere. In the early morning the thermometer at Hudnut's stood at 71° and at 3:20 p. m. it reached 82°.

THE EXPENSIVE ACCOUNTS COMMISSIONERS. The Board of Estimate yesterlay appropriated \$45,145.22, if the excise moneys to the support of charitable institutions; \$6.811 of the same rund was appropriated to the support of children committed by magistrates to such institutions. The \$6.811 of the same fund was appropriated to the support of children committed by magistrates to such institutions. The sum of \$1.500 was transferred from various unexponded balances to the general continuencies of the Law Department. The Commissioners of Accounts asked that \$5.000 be transferred to their account for salaries.

President Colemna—Whers will this thing end? When the Commissioners of Accounts cope in with their estimates they will produce the total of these appendixtres and say they cannot get on with less. I think there are a lot of book worms there who perform no adequate services for their salaries. I think the Commissioners of Accounts should do work for which the people at large would receive the benefit Mayor Grace—The Commissioners are dene a good deal of exits work this year. They are now working in the Health and Charities bepartments. Look at the work done by them in Fifth-ave.

Mr. Coleman—We can't tell until the work is done whether any good has oeen accomplished by them or not.

Mayor Grace—Already there is a decided improvement shown in the work.

Mr. Coleman—These Commissioners of Accounts may be vainable ersons but I am oppease to the expenses of the office of the Commissioners of Accounts may be vainable ersons but I am oppease to the Commissioners of expenses in their office. The days follows: For board of prisment. These mentars done some good work.

The Sapropriation was voted.

The sapropriation of the days of the former in the sapropriation of each site a day to purchasing a flineauct of execution, \$4 for each. President Reckman or ritheates of execution, \$4 for each. President Reckman or ritheates of execution.

The sapropriation was voted.

The sapropriation of the part of many sapropriation for fitting up the otics of the Park Commissioners in the new Emigrant Industr

GEORGE S. COE'S ASSAILANT FOUND GUILTY. Prosecutor Campbell, in Hackensack, yesterday moved the trial of John Baum, alias Hug, for assault with intent to kill George S. Coe, of Englewood. The court again gave the defendant the privilege of naving counsel to defend him, but he declined, saying that he would defend himself. When the ury was call the defendant asked if he might ask the jurors any questions. The court said he could. He asked the first man if he knew what an oath was. The Court stopped the lefendant from proceeding further with questions of that

The first witness called was George S. Coe. He related the The first witness called was George 8. Coe. He related the story of the altempt to rob the school house at Englewood on the night of May 5 and of his struggle with Hamm, substantially as it has already been published. On ending his testimony he said:
"After I recovered min was able to go out, I came to Hackensack to see the orientant. I introduced myself to him as Mr. toe. He said: You are the man I shot. I am sorry that I caused you so much pain. I said: 'If you were only a changed man at heart, and HI were not compelled by my duty to him stale, I would not care to have you further pain shed.' The defendant cross-examined Mr. Coe, and then remarked that he did not understand that Mr. Coe was coming to protect his own property. The Court said he would have the right to protect like property of any person. Baum then said he would retract he pieze. The Court held that he said he would retract he pieze. The Court held that the State would have to finish its case. Louis S. Coe, a brothet of George, corroborated his brother's testimony. Other wit-

senses testified to the finding of burglars' tools in and ne lie school-house. Colonel W. Jamison, the head of the Engl wood Protective Association, told how he went to Hobeke to bring Baum to Englewood and how he subsequently four Baum's picture in the "Rogues' Gallery" the New-Yor Baum's testimony in his own behalf was that he fired if first shots, when he saw George Coe and his brother, only trighten them, and that later, when he was strungling on a ground with Coo, he acted in self-defence. The jury four him guilty of assault with intent to kill. He pleaded guilt to a charge of breaking and entering with intent to steal.

· OBITUARY.

JOHN ESTEN COOKE. BOYCE, Va., Sept. 27 (Special) .- J. Esten Cooke, the author, died suddenly of typhoid fever, at his iome, "The Briars," near Boyce, to-day.

Mr. Cooks was born at Winchester, Va. His father,

John R. Cooke, was a lawyer of distinction. His mother was Maria Pendieton, of a well-known Virginia family. Mr. Cooke's middle name comes from his grand mother, a daughter of Governor John Esten, of Bermuda, where his grandfather had been taken prisoner during the Revolution. Mr. Cooke's early years were passed at "Glengary," his father's country seat at Frederick. He left school when sixteen years old, studied law with his father, practised that profession about four years, and then abandoned it for literature, to which he has since been devoted. When the war broke out he entered the Confederate ranks, serving successively in the artillery and oavairy, and being pres-ent at nearly all the Virginia battles. He was on the staff of General J. E. B. Stuart from the autumn of 1861 until the spring of 1864, when the latter died. In this position he witnessed many of the striking scenes under conditions which enabled him to relate them afterward with marked fidelity. He took part in the surrender at Appomattox, being then Inspector-General of Horse Artillery. Gen-

part in the surrender at Appomattox, being then Inspector-General of Horse Artillery. General Stuart's wife was Mr. Cooke's cousin, and her brother, General John R. Cooke, fought on the Union side. This brother and sister were the children of General Philip St. George Cooke, of the United States Army. Mr. Cooke had a brother, Philip Pendieton Cooke, the author of "Florence Vane," who gave promise of poetic gifts of a high order, but he died early in life. Mr. Cooke married Miss Page, of Clarke County, Va., in 1367, but she died some years ago leaving three children.

Mr. Cooke's writings relate almost exclusively to Virginia and describe the life, manners and history of the people he knew so well. His war books put on record his observations and opinions of the war in Virginia, and are written in a spirit whose generosity and candor have been matters of acknow wiedgment.

His works in book form are: "Leather Stocking and Silk" (1854), "The Virginia Comedians" (1854), "The Last Foresters" (1856), "Henry St. John, Gentleman" (1859), "A Life of Stonewall Jackson" (1863), "Survey of Esgle's Nest" (1868), "Mohum (1868), "Wearing of the Gray" (1867), "Hilt to Hilt" (1869), "Fairfax" (1869), "Out of the Foam," "Hummer and Rapier" (1870), "The Heir of Gaymount" (1870), "A Life of General R. E. Lee" (1871), "Dr. Vandyke" (1872), "Her Majesty, the Queen" (1873), "Pretty Mrs. Gaston and Other Stories" (1874), "Dr. Vandyke" (1879), "Wer Markers, (1879), "Stories of the Old Dominion" (1879), "A life of General R. E. Lee" (1871), "Dr. Vandyke" (1879), "Use of Materialist and Inventor" (1878), "Grantles" (1879), "Br. Vandyke" (1879), "Br. Manner and Rapier" (1879), "Stories of the Old Dominion" (1879), "A life of General R. E. Lee" (1871), "Dr. Vandyke" (1879), "Br. Manner and Rapier" (1879), "Stories of the Old Dominion" (1879), "A Life of General R. E. Lee" (1871), "Professor Pressensee, Materialist and Inventor" (1878), "Br. Generalist and Inventor" (1878), "Br. Generalist and Inventor" (1878), "Br. Generalist and Inventor

Newspaper,
Mr. Cooke has also written a mass of stories, sketches,
Mr. Cooke has also written a mass of stories, sketches, verses, and historical and biographical papers for The Southern Literary Messenger, Harper's, Scribner's, Apple-tion's, Putnam's, and many other perfoutcals, and a ser-ies of "Andals of the War," for The Philadelphia Times.

CHARLES H. GREENE. Boston, Sept. 27 (Special).-Colonel Charles H. Greene, who for about forty-five years was identified with Boston journalism, died this morning, age eighty-two. Referring to Colonel Greene's long and honorable cureer The Journal says: "He was the last of that coterie of editors which gave to the Boston press its reputation fifty odd years ago. He was the youngest of the fraternity that included Major Ben Russel, of The Centinel: Joseph T. Buckingham, of The Courier; Nathan Halo, of The Daily Advertiser; Major Houghton of The Atlas: Lynde M. Walter, of The Transcript, and W. W. Clapp, st., of The Saturday Evening Gazette. He was a nephew of Samuel Greene, once Chief Justice of New-Hampshire, and was born at Boscawen in that State. He learned the printer's trade in Exeter, N. H., practised it in his brother's office in Boston on The Statesman (a Democratic weekly), published a literary paper of his own, The Spectator, went to Philadelphia and, with James A. Jones, conducted The National Palladium, the first paper to advocate General Jackson's election to the Presidency. After some further news saper experience in Washington and Boston he founded The Post here in 1831, and having a valuable assistant in his business manager prospered in his enterprise. A marked innovation in his journalistic work was the introduction of humor to the columns of The Fost, an example since followed by a hundred daily papers. The flavor of fun which he imparted to his paragraphs naturally led to The Post becoming a favorite medium for the publication of bon mots and puns. The brightest men of the day sent to him their happy thoughts, and a jeu d'esprit was sourcely regarded as of value until Colonel Greene had given it a setting in the columns of The Post. The witty police reports of Thomas Gill, the sayings of Mrs. Partington, the bits of poetry of Oliver C. Wyman and the happy hits of Thayer, Jackson, Oakes, Clarke and a host of others were utilized by Colonel Greene. As a party leader he was sagacious. He knew what not to do in political life. Colonel Greene's retirement from The Post in 1875 was owing to a communation of circumstances which he accepted with that calmness which was characteristic. Colonel Greene was many years president of the Suffolk Club, and later of the Central Club. Upon the completion of his eightleth year, in 1884, the Boston press sent him a tribute of respect; and special action in honor of his memory was taken to-day by the same profession. His son, Nathaniel G. Greene, once managing efficient of The Post, and his daughter, Mrs. James S. Cumston, are absent in Europe at present. Colonel Greene had given it a setting in the

Rowland Johnson died on Saturday at his mountain cottage home at Eagle Hook, West Orange, N. J. He was among the earliest followers of William Lloyd Garrison in the philanthropist's life-long battle for aboution. Mr. Johnson was born in May, 1816, at Sermantown. His parents were Quakers, and though aiways a professor of that faith, he was a strong believer in the righteousness of war as a final resort in establishing a good canse. He came to this city in 1830, and engaged in business in Beaver-st. as a broker ant commission merchant in China and East India goods. Mr. Joinson remained in the same office in Beaver-st. for mirty-three years. Before he died he removed to 441 Broadway, where his business is now conducted. During the last two years his health has been failing him and about a year ago he was compelled practically to give up business. He spont last summer in Oneida County, N. Y., whence he returned to Orange last Wednesday. He was taken immediately to Eagle Hook; but lived only three days after the removal. His trouble was a cancer. In 1852 he married Miss Wolcott, of Eatontown, N. J., who survives him with two children, a son and a daughter. Mr. Joinson was a progressive and liberal man, active in all works of reform and humanity. always a professor of that faith, he was a strong believer

GEORGE SHELFORD PUFFER.

George Shelford Puffer died on Sunday at his nome No. 178 Livingston st., Brooklyn. He was president of the Atlantic State Bank of Brooklyn, until it was swamped by the failure of the Metropolitan Bank in this swamped by the failure of the Metropolitan Bank in this city and of George I. Seney. He was born in England in 1800, and came to this country when a young man. He was for a time in the drug business, and served in the Union Army in the war. He was afterward the teller and the cashler in the Atlantic National Bank, which became the Atlantic State Bank, and he was its president for several years. He never recovered from the blow caused by the suspension of the institution. His death was caused by a complication of diseases. He left a wife and three children. The funeral will take place to-unerrow.

place to-morrow. CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS. The following additional Congress been made: Xth Tennessee Z Taylor Ild Louisiana Andrew Hero XIth Michigan John Powers. \*Henominated.

MRS. CLEVELAN D'S QUIET LIFE. From The Washington Post.

Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Polsom have spent the days very

quietly at the White House since their return here. They have made some visits to the country house and watched the work in progress there. Mrs. Cleveland is pleased with the renovation which she found in her own boudoir at the northrenovation which she found in her own boundor at the north-west corner of the mansion. This is the resting spot for the mistress of the house, and with flowers and birds, together with all the little accessories she has added to it is rather a cornect. Mrs. Cleveland has a very capable housekeeper, a flayer's time. This person relieves the youthful mistress of the management, although the latter is enthusiastic enough over her new duties to take an active part.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 24 HOURS. Washington, Sept. 27 .- For New-England, New-York, Ponnsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, local rains, cooler, winds shifting to northwesterly. West of the Alleghanies, local rains followed by fair weather and cooler.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. BAR, inches 30.0 12845678810 1912245678 91011 

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Sept. 28-1 a. m.-An air offensive with moisture as well as heat, a generally cloudy sky, and a futile attempt at rain were the features of yesterday's weather. The barometer was nearly steady. The temperature ranged between 60° and 82°, the average (74%, being 5% higher than on the corre-

aponding day last year, and 214° higher than on Sanday.

In and near this city, to-day, there will probably be threatening skies, with chances of rain, and later, a con-

Does Holman's Liver Pad always cure! Because it acts upon Dr. Holman's theory of absorption and cannot fail.

Clean, Elegant and Durable. The only kind used in Europe New-York Brass Fuz. Co., 39 Union Square. Try Pend's Extract, the remedy by unanimous ve Inflammation and Pain. Do not be deluded by

The Trow Directory Co. have reduced the price of last rear's "Metropolitan" to \$3. Warm to-day, cold to-morrow. Benson's Plasters quickly elieve and cure all results of exposure. Hetter have the andy in the house.

DIED.

BEITH-At his late residence, No. 275 Delancey st., on Mea-day, September 27, John Beith, newsman, a native of Pas-ley, Scotland, in the 64 th year of his age. COLE—At Freehold, N. J., on Saturday, September 25, George B. Cole, in the 54th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held in the South Third Street Properties Church, Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, September 29, at half-past 9 a. m.
Interment at Hackensack, N. J.
Please omit dowers.

GILLIS-At her residence, 128 East 24th st., New York City, Sunday, September 26, Frances Ellen, wife of Charles J. Gillis.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the Zion Episcopal Church, 38th-st. and Madissa-ave. Wednesday 29th inst., at 1:30 pl-m.

Interment at Woodlawn.

Kindly omit flowers.

GROTE—At Belmont, New-York City, September 23, Maria C., relict of the late Frederick Grote, aged 6: years.

Funeral services will be held at her late residence Tuesday, 28th inst., at 7:30 p. m.

Burial private.

Interment at Woodlawn.

Kindly omit flowers.

Kindly omit flowers.

HASBROUCK—At Newburg, N. Y., September 26, John G. Hasbronck, only son of Charles H. Hasbrouck.

Funeral on Thesday, 28th inst. at 2 p. m.

HIGGINS—At the Park Avenue Hotel, September 27, S. R. Parkman Higgins, in the 58th year of his age.

Funeral services at Christ Church, 5th ave. and 35th-st., on Wednesday, September 29, at 10:30 a. m.

Interment at Perth Amboy, New-Jersey.

Friends are requested not to send flowers.

Friends are requested not to send flowers.

HIGGINS—On the 27th inst., at No. 431 West 43d-st., Georgi
Higgins.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

JOHNSON-At West Orange, N. J., Saturday evening, Sep-tember 25, 1886, Rowland Johnson, in the 71st year of his tember 25, 1895, Rowland Johnson, in the 1st year of age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, corner Washington and Park sts., on Tuesday 28th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m.

Train leaves foot Barclay and Christopher sts., D., L. and W.

K. R., at 180 for Brick Churon Station.

LINES—On Sunday, September 26, 1886, at Saratoga Springs, New York, Richard Lines, in the 64th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LITTLE-On Saturday, September 25, Katle Frances, youngest daughter of Andrew and Mary J. Little, in her 10th year.
Funeral services at the residence of her parents, 134 Each 39th-st, on Tuesday, 28th inst., 11 a.m.

MARSHALL—At his residence, Peekskill, N. Y., George P., Marshall, son of the late Ezra Marshall, in the 60th year of Funeral from his late residence at 1:30 p. m. Wednesday, September 29, 1886.

september 23, 1886.

MÜLLER—Suddenly, in this city, Saturday, September 25, Cornella R., widow of Frantz B. Müller, and daugster of the late Prosper M. Wetmore, Finneral services on Tuesday, September 28, at 9:30 k.m., from the residence of her sonin-law, Robert Olyphant, No. 26 East 40th st.

Interment at Woodlawn.

It is requested that no flowers be sent.

ROBBINS—Suddenly, at his late residence, Cranford, N. J., Jereman Robbins, aged 73 years.

Funeral services on Tuesday, September 23, at 12 o'clock, noon.

noon.
Philadelphia papers please copy.
Philadelphia papers please copy.
HYERSON-HEWITT-On Saturday. September 25. Estells
R. wife of Augustus Hewitt, and youngest child of Catherins
R. and the late John H. Ryerson.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the
funeral services at the residence of her mother, No. 325
West 51st.st., on Tuesday. September 28, at 4 p. m.
Interment at convenience of family. Interment at convenience of family,
STRONG—At Stratford, Conn., September 24, Mary E. Chatfield, wife of William Strong.
Funcral services will be held at Congregational Church, Stratford, Tuesday, September 28, at 2:30 o'clock.
Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of 12 o'clock train from

ford, Tuesday, September of the Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of the Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of the Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of the Hon. J. STONE—At Rahway, N. J., September 26, the Hon. J. Henry Stone, aged 52, the Hon. J. Henry Stone, aged 52, attend the funeral from his late rest friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late rest friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late rest friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late rest friends.

Special Notices

Waltham Watches.

A WALTHAM WATCH is probably the cheapest article in the world. Take the \$10 Silver Waltham Watch for example; it will do good service for over 20 years. This is only 50 cents a year, or less than ONE CENT a week.

As WALTHAM WATCHES are the best, the best known, and the cheapest in the world, we invite attention to the present low prices and to an inspection of our stock, which is th largest in the country and embraces every size, grade, and

GOLD WALTHAM WATCHES, \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$50, \$60, \$75. A new Ladies' GOLD WALTHAM WATCH, much smaller

than any made before, \$25 and \$30. GOLD WALTHAM 'CHRONOGRAPHS, or Timing

Watches, \$80, \$90, \$100. of | SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, \$0, \$10, \$13, \$15, \$24, fishing, or hunting, same movement as the others, but in a strong, well-finished nickel case, 87.

All WALTHAM WATCHES are now made to wind and set without a key.

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WILL SELL
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An interesting collection of valuable books, works of standard English authors, history, poetry, dramatic literature; superbly illustrated books, many in elegant bindings. TUESDAY, October 5, AND FOLLOWING DAYS at 3

and 7:30 p. m., the first part of the extraordinary col of Autographs and Portraits made by the late LEWIS J. CIST, OF CINCINNATI, OHIO, comprising over 11,000 specimens, 10,000 portraits, a 50,000 newspaper clippings, many of great value. The first

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table use. A delicious diet. Unsurpassed for CHILDREN and
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Randel, Baremore & Billings, IMPORTERS AND CUTTERS OF DIAMONDS. MANUFACTURERS OF DIAMOND JEWELRY, 58 Nassaust and 29 Maiden Lane, New York 18t Andrew's at, Holborn Circus, London.

T. M. Stewart.
STEAM CARPET-CLEANING WORKS,
Send for circular.
326 7th-ave. The most Fashionable Pertume Powder for handker-chiefs and letter-paper is CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.'S VIOLET GERIS, 1,121 Broadway and 578 5th-ave. Post Office Notice.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may oc-cur at any time.)

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is de-sired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest ves-scis available.

Foreign mails for the week ending October 2 will close (PROMPTLY in all cases) at this office as follows.

TUESDAY-At 3 p. m. for Limon, per steamship Foxhall, from New-Orleans, at 11:30 a.m. for Hayte, per steam-

TUESDAY—At 3 p. m. for Limon, per steamship Foxhall, from New-Orleans, at 11:30 a.m. for Hayth, por steamship Alveina.

WEDNESDAY—At 3 a.m. for Europe, per steamship Saale, via Southampton and Bremen letters for freiand misst be directed "per Saale"). at 3 a.m. for Ireland, nest be directed "per Saale"). at 3 a.m. for Ireland, nest steamship Alemena, it is a misst be directed "per America", it id a.m. for Jamaica, Limon, Greytown, Bittefelds, Savanilla, etc., per steamship Aleme, at 1 p. m. for Progreso, Mexico, per steamship Eleano.

Thursday—at 4 m. for Europe, per steamship Britanic, via Queenstown letters for France, Germany, etc., must be directed "per Steamship Eleano.

Thursday—at 4 m. for Europe, per steamship Britanic, via Queenstown letters for France, Germany, etc., must be directed "per Steamship Eleano. Germany, etc., per steamship Hammonia, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg letters for Great Britain and other European countries mast be directed "per Hammonia"); at 11 a.m. for venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Sanitago; at 1 p. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Sanitago; at 1 p. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Sanitago; at 1 p. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Sanitago; at 1 p. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per steamship Sanitago; at 1 p. m. for Venezuela and Curacoa, per from Hanifax; at 10 a.m. for Central America and South Facility of Walmington.

FRIDAY—At 9 a.m. for St. Pierre Miquelon, per steamship Eleonomia be directed "per chiry of Fara".

SATURDAY—At 5 a.m. for Europe, per steamship Machaeria, via 6 a.m. for France, per steamship Lascogne, via Havre; at 6 a.m. for Europe, per steamship Elbe, via Southampton and Bremen, at 6 a.m. for France direct, per steamship Lin Gascogne, via Havre; at 6 a.m. for Farace, per steamship Elbe, via Southampton and Bremen, at 6 a.m. for France direct, per steamship Foxique, per steamship Foxique, per steamship Foxique, via Havre; at 6 a.m. for Europe, per steamship Foxique and free, per steamship Poxique and per steamsh

NDAY-At 5 a. m. for Para, Pernambuco and Ceara, Brazil, por steamship Portuguse; at 3 p. m. for Bluemeids, per steamship L. P. Milier, from New-Orleans.

Steamship L. F. Milier, from New-Orleans.

Mails for Chinand Japin, per steamship City of New-York (from San Francisco) close here October "Jat 7 b. m. Mails for the Sandwich Islands, per steamship Zesiandia (from San Francisco) dose here October "5 a5 7 p. m. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Sandwich, Fili and Samoan Islands, per steamship Alsaneda (from San Francisco), close here October "19 a5 7 p. m. or on arrival at New York of steamship Celins with British mails for Australia. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship for Australia. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Paperti (from San Francisco), close here October "25 at 7 p. m. haus for Cuba, by rail to Tampa, Fia, and themos by steamer from key West, Fis, close at this office daily at 2:30 a. m.

• The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific untils is arran, on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transis an Francisco. Mails from the fast arriving on Tills at a Francisco on the day of sating of steamers are dispatchence the same day.

Post Office, New-York, N. Y., September 24, 1880.

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